Case 5:99-cv-00361-TS-RSP Document 1 Filed 03/01/99 Page 1 of 87 PageID #: 1 S/Ford E. Stinson, Jr.

RECLIVED A TOLL WINIERED B. BRINKLEY GLERK OF COURT

ANGELA N. BOYETT

EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION SERVICES, INC., CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC., EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., SPECIALTY RETAILERS, STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES, MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY OF LOUISIANA, LANE BRYANT, WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK, NATIONSBANK, N.A., A/K/A NCNB CORP., HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY, BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC., JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES, GORDON'S JEWELERS, THE CATO CORPORATION, CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST, RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY, LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH, LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A LACK'S STORES, INC. CREDIT BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY A/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT, and CAPITAL ONE BANK

NUMBER: 58/50 JAN 27 10 04 AM '99

26TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

WEBSTER PARISH

WEBSTER PARISH, LOUISIANA

U.S. DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA FILED

MAR **0 1** 1999

CV99-036

MAGISTRATE JUDGE PAYNE

JUDGE STAGG

JURY DEMANDED

ORIGINAL PETITION FOR DAMAGES AND REQUEST FOR TRIAL BY JURY

NOW INTO COURT, through undersigned counsel, comes ANGELA N. BOYETT, Plaintiff in the above entitled and captioned matter, who respectfully prays for Judgment of this Honorable Court against defendants, jointly, severally and in solido, as follows:

Plaintiff, ANGELA N. BOYETT, is a natural person, domiciled in Minden, Webster Parish, Louisiana.

2.

Made Defendants are the following parties:

- EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION SERVICES, INC., hereinafter a) referred to as "ECIS," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC., hereinafter referred to as "CSC," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;

ATTEST -WEBSTER PARISH, LA.

- c) EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., hereinafter referred to as "EXPERIAN," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- d) SPECIALTY RETAILERS, hereinafter referred to as "SPECIALTY," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- e) STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES, hereinafter referred to as "STAGE," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- f) MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY OF LOUISIANA, hereinafter referred to as "MERCURY," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- g) LANE BRYANT, hereinafter referred to as "LANE BRYANT," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- h) WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK, hereinafter referred to as "WFNNB," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- i) NATIONSBANK, N.A. A/K/A NCNB CORP., hereinafter referred to as "NATIONSBANK," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- j) HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY, hereinafter referred to as "HMC," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- k) BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC., hereinafter referred to as "BELLSOUTH," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- 1) JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES, hereinafter referred to as "JFS," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- m) GORDON'S JEWELERS, hereinafter referred to as "GORDON'S," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- n) THE CATO CORPORATION, hereinafter referred to as "CATO," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- o) CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST, hereinafter referred to as "CRESCENT," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;

- p) RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., hereinafter referred to as "K&B," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- q) HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY, hereinafter referred to as "HONORS," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- r) LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH, hereinafter referred to as "LA. BELLSOUTH," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- s) LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A LACK'S STORES, INC., hereinafter referred to as "LACK'S," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana;
- t) CREDIT:BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY F/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT
 BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT,
 hereinafter referred to as "HCB," a foreign corporation
 which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do
 and doing business in the State of Louisiana; and
- u) CAPITAL ONE BANK, hereinafter referred to as "CAPITAL ONE," a foreign corporation which, upon information and belief, is authorized to do and doing business in the State of Louisiana.

All the above listed Defendants may hereinafter be referred collectively to as "Defendants."

4.

Plaintiff, ANGELA N. BOYETT, requests a trial by jury.

5.

Plaintiff, ANGELA N. BOYETT, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court instruct the jury, as the trier of facts, that in addition to actual or compensatory damages, punitive or exemplary damages may be awarded against some or all of the Defendants under the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act and/or states' laws.

6.

Plaintiff, ANGELA N. BOYETT, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court instruct the jury, as the trier of facts, that in addition to an award of damages, the costs of litigation and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by Plaintiff may be awarded against some or all of the defendants under the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act and/or other federal and states' laws.

ER150-3

GENERAL FACTUAL BASIS FOR PETITION

7.

Upon information and belief, prior to February, 1993, a group of defrauders, possibly located in various locations in Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, and Louisiana, unknown and unconnected to plaintiff, hereinafter referred to as the "imposter[s]" or "defrauder[s]," obtained personal and credit information of plaintiff, ANGELA N. BOYETT.

8.

After obtaining plaintiff's personal and credit information, and assuming Plaintiff's identity, the defrauder[s] used the information to make applications for extensions of credit, banking benefits and credit cards/devices, as more fully described herein.

9.

Plaintiff subsequently learned that one or more imposters assumed her identity and committed application fraud through the use of her personal identification data.

10

Plaintiff contacted and communicated with law enforcement and congressional officials to further assist them and complain of defendants' actions and inactions.

11.

After learning of the fraud, plaintiff called, wrote and communicated with the various defendants but found her efforts were largely ignored by the various duped creditors and credit bureaus.

12.

In August, 1997, plaintiff sought a mortgage from Minden Bank & Trust and learned that her various credit reports continued to contain false and damaging data which had been disputed by plaintiff on a number of occasions. Plaintiff was unable initially to obtain credit.

13.

Upon information and belief, Minden Bank & Trust accessed

and secured consumer credit reports from national credit reporting agencies. False data, both trade line reportings, fraud-related inquiries, and personal identification data, and false credit scores and risk factors/denial codes were generated and provided by the national credit reporting agencies to Minden Bank & Trust. The false reportings caused plaintiff's credit request to be delayed and caused other pecuniary and non-pecuniary damages. Plaintiff was ultimately allowed to borrow after extensive efforts were made to convince a second lender, Minden Building and Loan, that the derogatory reportings were fraud-related.

14.

In March, 1998, plaintiff sought a credit card and credit account from Dillard National Bank a/k/a Dillard's Department Stores ["Dillard"] and learned that her credit reports prepared and issued by CSC and Equifax, continued to contain false and damaging data which had been disputed by plaintiff on a number of occasions. Plaintiff was unable to obtain credit.

15.

Dillard accessed and secured consumer credit reports from the national credit reporting agencies, CSC and Equifax. False data, both trade line reportings, fraud-related inquiries, and personal identification data, and false credit scores and risk factors/denial codes were generated and provided by the national credit reporting agencies, CSC and Equifax, to Dillard. The false reportings caused plaintiff's credit request to be denied and caused other pecuniary and non-pecuniary damages. Dillard's ultimately approved a higher percentage rate account for a lesser credit of \$400.00, which was different from the credit sought by plaintiff.

16.

Upon learning of the defrauder's actions, Plaintiff notified various credit grantors and consumer reporting agencies of the fraudulent use of her name and credit information and demanded the removal of the false information from their records and her

credit reports.

17.

Despite diligent and costly efforts by Plaintiff, her credit reports continued to contain the false and damaging information.

18.

Upon information and belief, Plaintiff's consumer credit reports still contain false and damaging information, previously disputed, connected to the fraud.

19.

Plaintiff has suffered damages due to the tortious and illegal actions or inactions directed at Plaintiff by Defendants, individually and collectively.

LIABILITY OF ECIS and CSC

20.

In this action, Defendant, ECIS, is a consumer credit reporting agency as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act. 15 USC 1681a.

21.

In this action, Defendant, CSC, is a consumer credit reporting agency as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act. 15 USC 1681a.

22.

In this action, Defendants, *ECIS* and *CSC*, prepared, issued, assembled, transferred and otherwise reproduced *consumer reports*, regarding Plaintiff, as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act. 15 USC 1681a.

23.

ECIS maintains a contract with CSC wherein they share data and other assets.

24.

ECIS and CSC share a common credit reporting database which takes in, warehouses, maintains and manipulates data supplied by their subscribers.

25.

Both ECIS and CSC have access to and prepare consumer credit

reports from the same data pool, in the same database, and both have duties to each consumer, about whom they may report, as provided in the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

26.

CSC is a large affiliate bureau and agent of ECIS. ECIS is likewise an agent of CSC.

27.

ECIS' and CSC's subscribers have repeatedly supplied false, fraud-related data to ECIS and CSC and attributed said data to plaintiff.

28.

Plaintiff advised ECIS and CSC, through its subscribers and directly, on multiple occasions, of the false, fraud-related data and demanded that the data be removed from her consumer reports and files.

29.

ECIS and their agent, CSC, failed to properly reinvestigate plaintiff's disputes and ECIS and CSC continued to prepare and issue false consumer reports.

30.

CSC, ECIS, and their various duped creditors-subscribers, exchanged information about plaintiff's disputes and the fraud accounts through their reinvestigation and fraud divisions and ACIS system, internal notes and CDV/ACDV/UDF processes.

31.

CSC, ECIS, and their various duped creditors-subscribers, were very aware of plaintiff's disputes, as well as their inadequate and illegal reinvestigation, and the subscribers' responses to their contacts and their decision to leave the disputed, false, fraud-related data as attributable to plaintiff.

32.

ECIS and CSC took inadequate action to correct plaintiff's consumer reports or delete the false data or otherwise conduct an appropriate, lawful reinvestigation. Further, ECIS and CSC have continuously mis-merged data into plaintiff's credit files and

consumer credit reports it prepared about plaintiff and published to others.

33.

Likewise they failed to take necessary and reasonable steps to prevent further inaccuracies from entering plaintiff's credit file data and such false data continued to be posted as new consumer credit reports were prepared, issued and disseminated by ECIS and CSC and relayed for further use, reliance and publication by their subscribers.

34

Defendants, ECIS and CSC, failed to adopt and follow "reasonable procedures" to assure the maximum possible confidentiality, proper utilization and maximum possible accuracy of Plaintiff's consumer credit and other personal information, as required by the Fair Credit Reporting Act, which they compiled, used and manipulated, in order to prepare consumer credit reports, credit scores, risk factors/denial codes and other economic and prediction data evaluations.

35.

Defendants, ECIS and CSC, failed to adopt and follow "reasonable procedures" to assure the proper reinvestigation, accuracy, deletion and/or suppression of false data appearing on Plaintiff's consumer reports and as contained in their consumer reporting databank, as required by the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

36.

From some unknown date prior to February, 1993, through the present time period, Defendants, ECIS and CSC, have continually added, stored, maintained and disseminated personal and credit information, in consumer reports it prepared and issued, about the Plaintiff which was inaccurate, false, erroneous and misleading despite notice from the plaintiff and subscribers that such information was inaccurate and fraud-related.

37.

Defendants, *ECIS* and *CSC*, through their fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff herein.

Through their actions, inactions and conduct, Defendants have, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

39.

Further, Defendants, by their actions stated above, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

40.

Defendants, ECIS and CSC, have defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

41.

Defendants, FCIS and CSC, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages under common law, states' laws and/or for willful violation(s) of the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

42.

csc and equifax also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with their various subscribers [whose fraud accounts, inquiries and incoming personal identification data were disputed by plaintiff], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff despite clear information in their files showing incoming fraud-related data associated with the fraud address while a second pool of accurate data, associated with plaintiff's identifiers and true address, was also incoming and present in their records.

43.

Further, by violating the FCRA and using unreasonable procedure for data accuracy and integrity, *CSC* and *ECIS* likewise breached their contractual duties.

44

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *CSC's* and *ECIS'*s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

Further, on several occasions, *CSC* and *ECIS* sent reinvestigation results to plaintiff which evidenced their decision to merely mimic its subscribers' replies to the inadequate reinvestigation disputes *CSC* and *ECIS* conveyed.

46.

Further, CSC's and ECIS' reinvestigation results contained conflicting responses wherein it "verified" certain fraud accounts, personal identification information, and inquiries and "deleted" other disputed fraud accounts, personal identification information, and inquiries.

47.

CSC and ECIS suggested that a number of the duped creditors
had "verified" the fraud accounts.

48.

From some unknown date prior to 1998, through the present time period, Defendants, CSC and ECIS, have continually added, stored, maintained and disseminated personal and credit information, in consumer reports it prepared and issued, about the Plaintiff which was inaccurate, false, erroneous and misleading despite notice by the plaintiff and subscribers that such information was erroneous.

LIABILITY OF EXPERIAN

49.

In this action, Defendant, **EXPERIAN**, is a consumer credit reporting agency as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act. 15 USC 1681a.

50.

In this action, Defendant, EXPERIAN, is a consumer credit reporting agency as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act. 15 USC 1681a.

51.

In this action, Defendant, **EXPERIAN**, prepared, issued, assembled, transferred and otherwise reproduced consumer reports, regarding Plaintiff, as defined in the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

15 USC 1681a.

52.

EXPERIAN maintains a contract with Credit Bureau of Greater Shreveport, their affiliate bureau and legal and contractual agent, wherein they share data and other assets.

53.

EXPERIAN allows their credit reporting database, which takes in, warehouses, maintains and manipulates data supplied by their subscribers, to be accessed by their affiliate bureaus and subscribers.

54.

EXPERIAN and their affiliate bureaus and subscribers have access to consumer credit reports, prepared by EXPERIAN, from the same data pool, in the same database, and EXPERIAN has duties to each consumer, including plaintiff, about whom they report, as provided in the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

55.

EXPERIAN's subscribers have repeatedly supplied false, fraud-related data to **EXPERIAN** and attributed said data to plaintiff.

56.

Plaintiff advised EXPERIAN and its predecessor, TRW Inc., for whom EXPERIAN is now liable as its successor, [collectively "EXPERIAN"] through their subscribers and directly, on multiple occasions, of the false, fraud-related data and demanded that the data be removed from her consumer reports and files.

57.

EXPERIAN failed to properly reinvestigate plaintiff's disputes and **EXPERIAN** continued to prepare and issue false consumer reports.

58.

EXPERIAN and their various duped creditors-subscribers, exchanged information about plaintiff's disputes and the fraud accounts through their reinvestigation and fraud divisions and CAPS system, internal notes and CDV/ACDV/UDF processes.

EXPERIAN and their various duped creditors-subscribers, were very aware of plaintiff's disputes, as well as their inadequate and illegal reinvestigation, and the subscribers' responses to their contacts and their decision to leave the disputed, false, fraud-related data as attributable to plaintiff.

60.

EXPERIAN took inadequate action to correct plaintiff's consumer reports or delete the false data or otherwise conduct an appropriate, lawful reinvestigation. Further, EXPERIAN has continuously mis-merged data into plaintiff's credit files and consumer credit reports it prepared about plaintiff and published to others.

61.

Likewise they failed to take necessary and reasonable steps to prevent further inaccuracies from entering plaintiff's credit file data and such false data continued to be posted as new consumer credit reports were prepared, issued and disseminated by **EXPERIAN** and relayed for further use, reliance and publication by their subscribers.

62.

EXPERIAN failed to adopt and follow "reasonable procedures" to assure the maximum possible confidentiality, proper utilization and maximum possible accuracy of Plaintiff's consumer credit and other personal information, as required by the Fair Credit Reporting Act, which they compiled, used and manipulated, in order to prepare consumer credit reports, credit scores, risk factors/denial codes and other economic and prediction data evaluations.

63.

EXFERIAN failed to adopt and follow "reasonable procedures" to assure the proper reinvestigation, accuracy, deletion and/or suppression of false data appearing on Plaintiff's consumer reports and as contained in their consumer reporting databank, as required by the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

From some unknown date prior to February, 1993, through the present time period, Defendant, EXPERIAN, has continually added, stored, maintained and disseminated personal and credit information, in consumer reports it prepared and issued, about the Plaintiff which was inaccurate, false, erroneous and misleading despite notice from the plaintiff and subscribers that such information was inaccurate and fraud-related.

65.

EXPERIAN through its fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff herein.

66

Through *EXPERIAN's* actions, inactions and conduct, *EXPERIAN* has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

67.

Further, **EXPERIAN**, by its actions stated above, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

68.

Defendant, **EXPERIAN**, has defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

69.

Defendant, EXPERIAN, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages under common law, state[s]' laws and/or for willful violation(s) of the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

70.

EXPERIAN also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with their various subscribers [whose fraud accounts, inquiries and incoming personal identification data were disputed by plaintiff], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff despite clear information in their files showing incoming fraud-related data associated with the fraud address while a second pool of accurate data, associated with plaintiff's identifiers and true address, was

also incoming and present in their records.

71.

Further, by violating the FCRA and using unreasonable procedure for data accuracy and integrity, **EXPERIAN** likewise breached their contractual duties.

72.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by **EXPERIAN**'s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

73.

Further, on multiple occasions, **EXPERIAN** sent reinvestigation results to plaintiff which evidenced their decision to merely mimic its subscribers' replies to the inadequate reinvestigation disputes **EXPERIAN** conveyed.

74.

Further, *EXPERIAN's* reinvestigation results contained conflicting responses wherein it "verified" certain fraud accounts, personal identification information, and inquiries and "deleted" other disputed fraud accounts, personal identification information, and inquiries.

75.

EXPERIAN suggested that a number of the duped creditors had
"verified" the fraud accounts.

76.

From some unknown date prior to 1998, through the present time period, Defendant, EXPERIAN, has continually added, stored, maintained and disseminated personal and credit information, in consumer reports it prepared and issued, about the Plaintiff which was inaccurate, false, erroneous and misleading despite notice by the plaintiff and subscribers that such information was erroneous.

LIABILITY OF SPECIALTY and STAGE

77.

Upon information and belief, in or about June, 1995, the

defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE.

78.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out SPECIALTY's and STAGE's standard credit applications, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff in each application.

79.

The account created by **SPECIALTY and STAGE**, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #400068931.

80.

The reportings and inquiries made by SPECIALTY and STAGE, due to the fraudulent application and account of the defrauder, were made under Equifax/CSC subscriber name Specialty Retailers and under Experian/TRW subscriber name Stage Department Stores.

81.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained SPECIALTY and STAGE account.

82.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with *SPECIALTY and STAGE*. Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

83.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extensions of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extensions of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective applications.

84.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the

possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

85.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extensions, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

86.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extensions and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', SPECIALTY's and STAGE's, businesses.

88.

Thereafter, Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

89.

SPECIALTY's and STAGE's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

90.

SPECIALTY and STAGE were notified of the fraudulent schemes, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created a fraudulent account with Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, however, SPECIALTY and STAGE continued to

issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

91.

SPECIALTY and STAGE, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

92.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, have, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

93.

Further, SPECIALTY and STAGE, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

94.

SPECIALTY's and STAGE's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

95.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote SPECIALTY and STAGE and disputed the fraud-related account.

96.

Following August, 1997, plaintiff called, wrote and communicated with SPECIALTY and STAGE about plaintiff's disputes.

97.

Despite the disputes, SPECIALTY and STAGE failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud account as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

98.

Further, fraud-related inquiries were posted to plaintiff's credit files, impermissibly, and were not timely removed despite plaintiff's complaints.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised SPECIALTY and STAGE that plaintiff disputed the account.

100.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, SPECIALTY and STAGE repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

101.

According to credit reporting agencies' reports, SPECIALTY and STAGE continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

102.

SPECIALTY and STAGE also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

103.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by SPECIALTY's and STAGE's breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

104.

SPECIALTY and STAGE have likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

105.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, are aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and

her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

106.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, SPECIALTY and STAGE failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

107.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with SPECIALTY and STAGE, separately and individually, under which SPECIALTY and STAGE are allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

108.

Under the subscriber contracts SPECIALTY and STAGE, individually and separately, owe a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their [SPECIALTY's and STAGE's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

109.

On numerous occasions, SPECIALTY and STAGE reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

110.

Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, have engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and are liable under various states' laws for those violations.

111.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other

sums, Defendants, SPECIALTY and STAGE, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF MERCURY

112.

Upon information and belief, in or about May, 1994, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, MERCURY.

113.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out MERCURY's standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

114.

The account created by **MERCURY**, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #6B24124552950.

115.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained MERCURY account.

116.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with **MERCURY**.

117.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

118.

Defendant, MERCURY, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

Defendant, MERCURY, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

120.

Defendant, MERCURY, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

121.

Defendant, MERCURY, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

122.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', MERCURY's, businesses.

123.

Thereafter, Defendant, MERCURY, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

124.

MERCURY's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

MERCURY was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once

Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the

defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, MERCURY,

however, MERCURY continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to

various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous,

inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

126.

MERCURY, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

127.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant,

MERCURY, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously,

defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

128.

Further, MERCURY, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

129.

MERCURY's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

130.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote

MERCURY on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related account.

131.

Despite the disputes, MERCURY failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

132.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised MERCURY that plaintiff disputed the account.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

MERCURY repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to
third persons.

134.

According to the national credit reporting agencies' reports, MERCURY continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

135.

MERCURY also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

136.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by **MERCURY**'s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

137.

MERCURY has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

138.

Defendant, MERCURY, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

139.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, MERCURY failed to

58/50-23

appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

140.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with MERCURY, separately and individually, under which MERCURY is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

141.

Under the subscriber contracts **MERCURY** owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [**MERCURY's**] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

142.

On numerous occasions, **MERCURY** reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

143.

Defendant, MERCURY, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

144.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, MERCURY, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF LANE BRYANT and WFNNB

145.

Upon information and belief, in or about October, 1995, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendants, LANE BRYANT and

Ex150-24

WFNNB.

146.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out LANE BRYANT's and WFNNB's standard credit applications, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff in each application.

147.

The account created by LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #786164426.

148.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained LANE BRYANT and WFNNB account.

149.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with *LANE BRYANT and WFNNB*. Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

150.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extensions of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extensions of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective applications.

151.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

152.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, owed duties of reasonable

care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extensions, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

153.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extensions and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

154.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', LANE BRYANT's and WFNNB's, businesses.

155.

Thereafter, Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

156.

LANE BRYANT's and WFNNB's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

157

LANE BRYANT and WFNNB were notified of the fraudulent schemes, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created a fraudulent account with Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, however, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

5015024

LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

159.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, have, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

160.

Further, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

161.

LANE BRYANT's and WFNNB's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

162.

Beginning in 1996, Plaintiff called and wrote LANE BRYANT and WFNNB and disputed the fraud-related account.

163.

Following 1996, plaintiff further called, wrote and communicated with *LANE BRYANT and WFNNB* about plaintiff's disputes.

164.

Despite the disputes, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud account as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

165.

Further, fraud-related inquiries were posted to plaintiff's credit files, impermissibly, and were not timely removed despite plaintiff's complaints.

166.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as

well as their affiliates], may have also advised LANE BRYANT and WFNNB that plaintiff disputed the account.

167.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

168.

According to credit reporting agencies' reports, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

169

LANE BRYANT and WFNNB also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

170.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *LANE BRYANT's* and *WFNNB's* breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

171.

LANE BRYANT and WFNNB have likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

172.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, are aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her

obligations to all of her creditors.

173.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

174.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, separately and individually, under which LANE BRYANT and WFNNB are allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

175.

Under the subscriber contracts LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, individually and separately, owe a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their [LANE BRYANT's and WFNNB's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

176.

On numerous occasions, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

177.

Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, have engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and are liable under various states' laws for those violations. Defendant, WFNNB, has acted as a debt collector and has violated state and federal debt collection laws by pursuing a vexatious and harassing collection campaign against a person who does not owe any monies to them, as agent for SMB, or to SMB, as their agent.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendants, LANE BRYANT and WFNNB, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF NATIONSBANK and HMC

179.

Upon information and belief, in or about July, 1996, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC.

180.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out NATIONSBANK's and HMC's standard credit applications, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff in each application.

181.

The account created by NATIONSBANK and HMC, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #84191.

182.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained NATIONSBANK and HMC account.

183.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with NATIONSBANK and HMC. Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

184.

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extensions of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extensions of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective applications.

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

186.

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extensions, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

187.

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extensions and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

188.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', NATIONSBANK's and HMC's, businesses.

189.

Thereafter, Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

190.

NATIONSBANK's and HMC's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

31

NATIONSBANK and HMC were notified of the fraudulent schemes, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created a fraudulent account with Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, however, NATIONSBANK and HMC continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

192.

NATIONSBANK and HMC, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

193.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendants,

NATIONSBANK and HMC, have, with willful intent to injure and/or

maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

194.

Further, NATIONSBANK and HMC, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

195.

NATIONSBANK's and HMC's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

196.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote NATIONSBANK and HMC and disputed the fraud-related account.

197.

Following August, 1997, plaintiff called, wrote and communicated with NATIONSBANK and HMC about plaintiff's disputes.

198.

Despite the disputes, NATIONSBANK and HMC failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud account as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said

disputed amounts from plaintiff.

199.

Further, fraud-related inquiries were posted to plaintiff's credit files, impermissibly, and were not timely removed despite plaintiff's complaints.

200.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised NATIONSBANK and HMC that plaintiff disputed the account.

201.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

NATIONSBANK and HMC repeatedly reported the false, derogatory
information to third persons.

202.

According to *credit reporting agencies' reports*, *NATIONSBANK* and *HMC* continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

203.

NATIONSBANK and HMC also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

204.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by NATIONSBANK's and HMC's breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

205.

NATIONSBANK and HMC have likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously

avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

206.

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, are aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

207.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, NATIONSBANK and HMC failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

208.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with NATIONSBANK and HMC, separately and individually, under which NATIONSBANK and HMC are allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

209.

Under the subscriber contracts NATIONSBANK and HMC, individually and separately, owe a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their [NATIONSBANK's and HMC's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

210.

On numerous occasions, NATIONSBANK and HMC reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

34

Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, have engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and are liable under various states' laws for those violations.

212.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendants, NATIONSBANK and HMC, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF BELLSOUTH

213.

Upon information and belief, in or about September, 1996, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application[s] for an extension of credit, services and/or credit cards from Defendant, BELLSOUTH.

214.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out BELLSOUTH's standard credit application[s], listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

215.

The accounts created by **BELLSOUTH**, upon the fraudulent application[s] of the defrauder was assigned account numbers #205-60325221289 and #205-603373196XXXX.

216.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained BELLSOUTH account[s].

217.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with **BELLSOUTH**.

218.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, services, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

220.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account[s] in the plaintiff's name/identity.

221.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account[s] was [were] opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the accounts and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

222.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account[s] and receiving the credit devices, services, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

223.

The issuance and delivery of credit, services, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', *BELLSOUTH's*, businesses.

224.

Thereafter, Defendant, BELLSOUTH, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless

disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

225.

BELLSOUTH's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

226.

BELLSOUTH was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once
Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the
defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, BELLSOUTH,
however, BELLSOUTH continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to
various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous,
inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

227.

BELLSOUTH, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

228.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, BELLSOUTH, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

229.

Further, BELLSOUTH, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

230.

BELLSOUTH's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

231.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote **BELLSOUTH** on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related accounts.

232.

Despite the disputes, **BELLSOUTH** failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely

report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

233.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised BELLSOUTH that plaintiff disputed the accounts.

234.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, BELLSOUTH repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

235.

According to the national credit reporting agencies' reports, BELLSOUTH continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account[s] to plaintiff.

236.

BELLSOUTH also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

237.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by **BELLSOUTH**'s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

238.

BELLSOUTH has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

240.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, **BELLSOUTH** failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

241.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with *BELLSOUTH*, separately and individually, under which *BELLSOUTH* is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

242.

Under the subscriber contracts **BELLSOUTH** owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [**BELLSOUTH's**] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

243.

On numerous occasions, **BELLSOUTH** reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

244.

Defendant, BELLSOUTH, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, BELLSOUTH, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF JFS and GORDON'S

246.

Upon information and belief, in or about July, 1992, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S.

247.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out JFS' and GORDON'S standard credit applications, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff in each application.

248.

The account created by **JFS and GORDON'S**, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #227900485136.

249.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained JFS and GORDON'S account.

250.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has made application for credit with *JFS* and *GORDON'S* once and that account was timely paid and closed at her request. Nonetheless, Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

251.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extensions of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extensions of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective applications.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

253.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extensions, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

254.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extensions and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

255.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', JFS' and GORDON'S, businesses.

256.

Thereafter, Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

257.

JFS' and GORDON'S publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

JFS and GORDON'S were notified of the fraudulent schemes, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created a fraudulent account with Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, however, JFS and GORDON'S continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

259.

JFS and GORDON'S, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

260.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, have, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

261.

Further, JFS and GORDON'S, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff. 262.

JFS' and GORDON'S reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

263.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote JFS and GORDON'S and disputed the fraud-related account.

264.

Following August, 1997, plaintiff called, wrote and communicated with *JFS* and *GORDON'S* about plaintiff's disputes.

265.

Despite the disputes, JFS and GORDON'S failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud account as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

Further, fraud-related inquiries were posted to plaintiff's credit files, impermissibly, and were not timely removed despite plaintiff's complaints.

267.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised JFS and GORDON'S that plaintiff disputed the account.

268.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, JFS and GORDON'S repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

269.

According to credit reporting agencies' reports, JFS and GORDON'S continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

270.

JFS and GORDON'S also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

271.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *JFS'* and *GORDON'S* breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

272.

JFS and GORDON'S have likewise violated the Fair Credit
Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false
and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously
avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the

plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

273.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, are aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

274

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, JFS and GORDON'S failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

275.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with JFS and GORDON'S, separately and individually, under which JFS and GORDON'S are allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

276.

Under the subscriber contracts JFS and GORDON'S, individually and separately, owe a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their [JFS' and GORDON'S] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

277.

On numerous occasions, *JFS* and *GORDON'S* reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

278.

Defendants, JFS and GORDON'S, have engaged in unfair and

deceptive trade and business practices and are liable under various states' laws for those violations.

279.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendants, *JFS* and *GORDON'S*, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF CATO

280.

Upon information and belief, in or about February, 1993, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, CATO.

281.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out CATO's standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

282.

The account created by CATO, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #113001607630.

283.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained CATO account.

284.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with CATO.

285.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

286.

Defendant, CATO, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose

name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

287.

Defendant, CATO, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

288.

Defendant, CATO, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

289.

Defendant, CATO, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

290.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', CATO's, businesses.

291.

Thereafter, Defendant, CATO, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

292.

CATO's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

5815.0-46

CATO was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, CATO, however, CATO continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

294.

CATO, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

295.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, CATO, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

296.

Further, CATO, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

297.

CATO's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

298.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote CATO on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related account.

299.

Despite the disputes, CATO failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

300.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised CATO that plaintiff disputed the account.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, CATO repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

302.

According to the national credit reporting agencies' reports, CATO continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

303.

CATO also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

304.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by CATO's breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

305.

CATO has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

306.

Defendant, CATO, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

307.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, CATO failed to

appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

308.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with CATO, separately and individually, under which CATO is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

309.

Under the subscriber contracts CATO owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [CATO's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

310.

On numerous occasions, CATO reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

311.

Defendant, CATO, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

312.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, CATO, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF CRESCENT

313.

Upon information and belief, in or about September, 1994, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, CRESCENT.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out CRESCENT's standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

315.

The account created by **CRESCENT**, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #51088947651088947.

316.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained CRESCENT account:

317.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with CRESCENT.

318.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

319.

Defendant, CRESCENT, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

320.

Defendant, CRESCENT, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

321.

Defendant, CRESCENT, owed duties of reasonable care to

plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

322.

Defendant, CRESCENT, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

323.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', CRESCENT's, businesses.

324.

Thereafter, Defendant, CRESCENT, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

325.

CRESCENT's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

326.

CRESCENT was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once

Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the

defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, CRESCENT,

however, CRESCENT continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to

various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous,

inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

327.

CRESCENT, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to

E2150-51

Plaintiff.

328.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, CRESCENT, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

329.

Further, CRESCENT, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

330.

CRESCENT's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave
rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

331

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote CRESCENT on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related account.

332.

Despite the disputes, CRESCENT failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

333.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised CRESCENT that plaintiff disputed the account.

334.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

CRESCENT repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

335.

According to the national credit reporting agencies'
reports, CRESCENT continued to falsely report about plaintiff and
attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

336.

CRESCENT also breached its various and multiple agreements

and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

337.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by CRESCENT's breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

338.

CRESCENT has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting

Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and

inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided

knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the

plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

339.

Defendant, CRESCENT, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

340.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, CRESCENT failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

341.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with <code>CRESCENT</code>, separately and individually, under which <code>CRESCENT</code> is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all

of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

342.

Under the subscriber contracts CRESCENT owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [CRESCENT's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

343.

On numerous occasions, CRESCENT reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

344.

Defendant, CRESCENT, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

345.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, CRESCENT, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF K&B

346.

Upon information and belief, in or about March, 1995, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, K&B.

347.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out K&B's standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

348.

The account created by **K&B**, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #985065077.

349.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained K&B account.

54

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with K&B.

351.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

352.

Defendant, K&B, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

353.

Defendant, K&B, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

354.

Defendant, K&B, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

355.

Defendant, K&B, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

356.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and

collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', K&B's, businesses.

357

Thereafter, Defendant, K&B, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

358.

K&B's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

359.

K&B was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, **K&B**, however, **K&B** continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

360

R&B, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

361.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, K&B, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

362.

Further, K&B, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

363.

K&B's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise
to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

K&B has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

372.

Defendant, K&B, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

373.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, **K&B** failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

374.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with *K&B*, separately and individually, under which *K&B* is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

375.

Under the subscriber contracts *K&B* owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [*K&B's*] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

376.

On numerous occasions, **K&B** reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

58

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote **K&B** on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related account.

365.

Despite the disputes, **K&B** failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

366.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised K&B that plaintiff disputed the account.

367.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, **K&B** repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

368.

According to the national credit reporting agencies' reports, K&B continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

369

R&B also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit

Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc.
["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc.
["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

370.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *K&B'*s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

Defendant, K&B, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

378.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, K&B, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF HONORS and LA. BELLSOUTH

379.

Upon information and belief, in or about 1995, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit, services and credit cards from Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH.

380.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out LA.

BELLSOUTH's standard credit applications, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff in each application.

381.

The account created by LA. BELLSOUTH, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned collection account number #86836035, by LA. BELLSOUTH's collection agent, HONORS.

382.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained LA. BELLSOUTH account.

383.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has made application for credit with LA. BELLSOUTH and that the account for her current phone service was granted but it is not connected with the fraud account described above. Nonetheless, Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

384.

Defendant, LA. BELLSOUTH, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the

extensions of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extensions of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective applications.

385.

Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendant should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

386.

Defendant, LA. BELLSOUTH, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extensions, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

387.

Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extensions and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

388.

The issuance and delivery of credit, services, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', LA. BELLSOUTH's, businesses.

389.

Thereafter, Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

390.

LA. BELLSOUTH's and HONORS' publishing of such false and

58150 del

inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

391.

LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS were notified of the fraudulent schemes, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created a fraudulent account with Defendant, LA. BELLSOUTH and related collection account placed with HONORS, however, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

392.

LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

393.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendants, LA.

BELLSOUTH and HONORS, have, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

394.

Further, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

395.

LA. BELLSOUTH's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter and LA. BELLSOUTH's and HONORS'efforts to collect the fraud charges from plaintiff gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

396.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote LA.

BELLSOUTH and HONORS and disputed the fraud-related account.

397.

Following August, 1997, plaintiff called, wrote and communicated with LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS about plaintiff's disputes.

5815.0-W

Despite the disputes, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud account as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

399.

Further, fraud-related inquiries were posted to plaintiff's credit files, impermissibly, and were not timely removed despite plaintiff's complaints.

400.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS that plaintiff disputed the account.

401.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times, LA.

BELLSOUTH and HONORS repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons. Defendant, HONORS, has acted as a debt collector and has violated state and federal debt collection laws by pursuing a vexatious and harassing collection campaign against a person who does not owe any monies to them, as agent for SMB, or to SMB, as their agent.

402.

According to credit reporting agencies' reports, LA.

BELLSOUTH and HONORS continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

403.

LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS also breached their various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by LA. BELLSOUTH's and HONORS' breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

405.

LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS have likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

406.

Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, are aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

407.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

408.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, separately and individually, under which LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS are allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

409.

Under the subscriber contracts LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, individually and separately, owe a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their

[LA. BELLSOUTH's and HONORS'] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

410.

On numerous occasions, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

411.

Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, have engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and are liable under various states' laws for those violations.

412.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendants, LA. BELLSOUTH and HONORS, are liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF LACK'S

413.

Upon information and belief, in or about February, 1993, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, LACK'S.

414.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out *LACK's* standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

415.

The account created by *LACK'S*, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #280000000000151487.

416.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained ${\it LACK'S}$ account.

417.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made

application for credit with LACK'S.

418.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

419.

Defendant, LACK'S, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

420

Defendant, LACK'S, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

421.

Defendant, LACK'S, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

422.

Defendant, LACK'S, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s] opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

423.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', LACK'S, businesses.

5815.0-65

Thereafter, Defendant, LACK'S, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

425.

LACK'S publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

426.

LACK'S was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, LACK'S, however, LACK'S continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

427.

LACK'S, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

428.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, LACK'S, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

429.

Further, LACK'S, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

430.

LACK'S reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

431.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote *LACK'S* on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related account.

5815.0-ll

Despite the disputes, LACK'S failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

433.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised LACK'S that plaintiff disputed the account.

434

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

LACK'S repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

435.

According to the national credit reporting agencies' reports, LACK'S continued to falsely report about plaintiff and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

436.

LACK'S also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit

Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc.
["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc.
["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

437.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *LACK'S* breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

438.

LACK'S has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to

be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

439

Defendant, LACK'S, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

440.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, LACK'S failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

441.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with LACK'S, separately and individually, under which LACK'S is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

442.

Under the subscriber contracts LACK'S owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [LACK'S] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

443.

On numerous occasions, *LACK'S* reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

444.

Defendant, LACK'S, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws

5815N-68

for those violations.

445.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, LACK'S, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF HOLLOWAY

446.

Upon information and belief, prior to July, 1996, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit, services and/or credit cards from SMB Radiology ["SMB"], a client and agent of HOLLOWAY.

447.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder used Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

448.

The account created by SMB, upon the fraudulent application of the defrauder was assigned account number #954344, by SMB's agent and debt collector, HOLLOWAY.

449.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained SMB account.

450.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with SMB.

451.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

452.

Defendant, HOLLOWAY, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendant should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent

account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

453.

Defendant, HOLLOWAY, has acted as a debt collector and has violated state and federal debt collection laws by pursuing a vexatious and harassing collection campaign against a person who does not owe any monies to them, as agent for SMB, or to SMB, as their agent.

454.

HOLLOWAY is also liable under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as a consumer reporting agency, for preparing and issuing consumer reports about plaintiff while failing to employ reasonable procedures to assure the maximum possible accuracy of those reports and for failing to properly and timely reinvestigating disputed data they maintained and published about plaintiff. 15 U.S.C. 1681a, 1681e, 1681i.

455.

Credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendant's, HOLLOWAY'S, business.

456.

Defendant, HOLLOWAY, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

457.

HOLLOWAY'S publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

458.

HOLLOWAY'S was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once
Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the
defrauder created fraudulent accounts with SMB, however, HOLLOWAY
continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer
reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and

false information about the Plaintiff.

459.

HOLLOWAY, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

460.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, HOLLOWAY, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

461.

Further, HOLLOWAY, by their actions, inactions and fault, intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

462

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote

HOLLOWAY on a number of occasions and disputed the fraud-related
account.

463.

Despite the disputes, HOLLOWAY failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

464.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised HOLLOWAY that plaintiff disputed the account.

465.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

HOLLOWAY repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to
third persons.

466.

According to the national credit reporting agencies'
reports, HOLLOWAY continued to falsely report about plaintiff and
attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

HOLLOWAY also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

468.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by *HOLLOWAY's* breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

469.

HOLLOWAY has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting
Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and
inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided
knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the
plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

470.

Defendant, HOLLOWAY, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

471.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, HOLLOWAY failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

472.

The credit reporting agencies maintain affiliate and/or subscriber contracts and relationships with HOLLOWAY, separately and individually, under which HOLLOWAY is allowed to report

credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

473.

Under the affiliate and/or subscriber contracts HOLLOWAY owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about their [SMB's and HOLLOWAY's] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated beneficiary of those contracts.

474

On numerous occasions, HOLLOWAY reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

475.

Defendant, HOLLOWAY, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

476.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, HOLLOWAY, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

LIABILITY OF CAPITAL ONE

477.

Upon information and belief, in or about June, 1995, the defrauder[s] made fraudulent application for an extension of credit and/or credit cards from Defendant, CAPITAL ONE.

478.

Upon information and belief, the defrauder filled out CAPITAL ONE's standard credit application, listing Plaintiff's social security number and other credit and personal information of Plaintiff.

479.

The account created by CAPITAL ONE, upon the fraudulent

application of the defrauder was assigned account number #2222028400068931.

480.

The defrauder[s] made purchases on the fraudulently obtained CAPITAL ONE account.

481.

To the best of her knowledge, Plaintiff has never made application for credit with CAPITAL ONE.

482.

Plaintiff has never consented to any person making application(s) for credit, with any party, in her name and/or identity.

483.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, failed to employ reasonable procedures to adequately identify the person(s) requesting the extension of credit and failed to employ any procedures designed to insure that the extension of credit, merchandise, and credit device(s)/card(s) would reach and be used by the person whose name and/or identity was listed on the respective application.

484.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, knew or should have known of the existence of widespread fraud against the credit and retail industries and Defendants should have been aware of the possibility that someone would impersonate a credit worthy consumer[s], like plaintiff, in order to open a fraudulent account in the plaintiff's name/identity.

485.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, owed duties of reasonable care to plaintiff, in whose name and identity a credit account was opened and created, to ensure that the person[s] opening the account and to whom credit extension, merchandise and cards were given was not an imposter.

486.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, failed in their duties to employ commercially reasonable means of verifying that the person[s]

opening the credit account and receiving the credit devices, extension and merchandise was [were] not an imposter[s].

487.

The issuance and delivery of credit, credit cards, extensions and merchandise, as well as credit reporting and collection, are the most basic and inherent components of defendants', CAPITAL ONE's, businesses.

488.

Thereafter, Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, recklessly, maliciously and/or intentionally, published and disseminated false and inaccurate information concerning Plaintiff with reckless disregard for the truth, based upon the unpaid, fraudulent purchases of the defrauder[s].

489.

CAPITAL ONE's publishing of such false and inaccurate information has severely damaged the personal and consumer reputation of Plaintiff and caused severe humiliation, and emotional distress and mental anguish.

490.

CAPITAL ONE was notified of the fraudulent scheme, once Plaintiff became aware of the facts sufficient to believe the defrauder created fraudulent accounts with Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, however, CAPITAL ONE continued to issue and/or publish report(s) to various consumer reporting agencies which contained erroneous, inaccurate and false information about the Plaintiff.

491.

CAPITAL ONE, through their actions, inactions and fault, as described herein, caused great and irreparable injury to Plaintiff.

492.

Through their actions, inactions and fault, Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, has, with willful intent to injure and/or maliciously, defamed Plaintiff and invaded her privacy.

493.

Further, CAPITAL ONE, by their actions, inactions and fault,

intentionally inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiff.

494.

CAPITAL ONE's reckless issuance of credit to an imposter gave rise to foreseeable damages incurred by the plaintiff.

495.

Beginning in August, 1997, Plaintiff called and wrote CAPITAL ONE on a number of occasions and disputed the fraudrelated account.

496.

Despite the disputes, CAPITAL ONE failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud accounts as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

497.

Further, CSC, ECIS, TRW, EXPERIAN and TRANS UNION CORP., [as well as their affiliates], may have also advised CAPITAL ONE that plaintiff disputed the account.

498.

Despite receipt of the same dispute a number of times,

CAPITAL ONE repeatedly reported the false, derogatory information to third persons.

499.

According to the national credit reporting agencies'
reports, CAPITAL ONE continued to falsely report about plaintiff
and attribute the fraud account to plaintiff.

500.

CAPITAL ONE also breached its various and multiple agreements and contracts with the credit reporting agencies, Equifax Credit Information Services, Inc. ["Equifax"], CSC Credit Services, Inc. ["CSC"], TRW Inc. ["TRW"], Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ["Experian"], and Trans Union Corp. ["Trans Union"], [and/or their affiliates] [collectively "credit reporting agencies"], by continuously reporting false credit information about plaintiff.

501.

Plaintiff, as a third party beneficiary of those subscriber contracts, has been harmed by **CAPITAL ONE**'s breach of those contracts and further asserts the breach of those agreements herein. Those breaches have damaged plaintiff.

502.

CAPITAL ONE has likewise violated the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681s-2, by continuously reporting false and inaccurate information which they knew and/or consciously avoided knowing to be false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

503.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, is aware that their reportings and activities would [and will] damage plaintiff and her ability to enjoy life and utilize the credit rating and reputational property rights she secured by honoring her obligations to all of her creditors.

504.

Despite the numerous and varied disputes, CAPITAL ONE failed to appropriately react to the disputed billing errors and continued to falsely report said fraud charges as attributable to plaintiff and used continued false reportings in an attempt to collect said disputed amounts from plaintiff.

505.

The credit reporting agencies maintain subscriber contracts and relationships with CAPITAL ONE, separately and individually, under which CAPITAL ONE is allowed to report credit data and have same placed in the credit reporting files and records of those entities so that such data may be further reported to any and all of the thousands of subscribing entities and persons.

506.

Under the subscriber contracts **CAPITAL ONE** owed a number of duties, including the duty to report truthful and accurate information about its [**CAPITAL ONE's**] customers and other consumers, including plaintiff. Plaintiff is a stipulated

77

beneficiary of those contracts.

507.

On numerous occasions, CAPITAL ONE reported, via its contractual and legal agents, the credit reporting agencies, false and inaccurate information about the plaintiff, as described more fully herein.

508.

Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, has engaged in unfair and deceptive trade and business practices and is liable under various states' laws for those violations.

509.

In addition to actual or compensatory damages, and other sums, Defendant, CAPITAL ONE, is liable unto Plaintiff in a sum to be assessed by the trier of fact for punitive/exemplary damages.

ADDITIONAL ALLEGATIONS

510.

Defendants have tortiously and illegally damaged plaintiff's most valued property right and asset through their fault described herein.

511.

The types of injuries and harms incurred by plaintiff were foreseeable. Each defendant was in the best position[s], singularly and collectively, to prevent the fraud and false reportings.

512.

Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Honorable Court order defendants, separately, in the attached discovery Orders, to produce certain documents and information to Plaintiff's counsel within thirty [30] days of receipt of service of process.

WHEREFORE PLAINTIFF, ANGELA N. BOYETT, PRAYS that after all due proceedings be had there be judgment herein in favor of Plaintiff and against Defendants as follows:

1) That there be Judgment in favor of ANGELA N.
BOYETT and against EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION
SERVICES, INC., CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC.,
EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., SPECIALTY

RETAILERS, STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES, MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY OF LOUISIANA, LANE BRYANT, WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK, NATIONSBANK, N.A., A/K/A NCNB CORP., HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY, BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC., JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES, GORDON'S JEWELERS, THE CATO CORPORATION, CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST, RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY,
LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH, LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A
LACK'S STORES, INC., CREDIT BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY
F/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT, and CAPITAL ONE BANK, jointly, severally and in solido, for all reasonable damages sustained by Plaintiff including but not limited to compensatory damages associated with the costs of out-of-pocket expenses, pain and suffering, embarrassment, inconvenience, lost economic opportunity, loss of incidental time, frustration, emotional distress, mental anguish, fear of personal safety and security, and for punitive damages, attorneys' fees, and court costs, and other assessments proper by law and any and all other applicable federal and state laws, together with legal interest thereon from date of judicial demand until paid; and

That this Honorable Court order all consumer reporting agencies-defendants and users of information and subscribers which supply information to such agencies, made defendants herein, to reinvestigate and correct the credit report(s) and credit history of Plaintiff.

FURTHER, Prays that this Honorable Court order defendants, separately, in the attached discovery Orders, to produce certain documents and information to Plaintiff's counsel within thirty [30] days of receipt of service of process.

FURTHER, Prays for all such additional, general and equitable relief as may be necessary and proper in the premises.

Respectfully submitted:

BODENHEIMER, JONES & SZWAR

By:

DAVID A. SZWAK, LBR#21157

JOHN BRAD SMITHERMAN

610 Marshall St., Ste. 905 Shreveport, Louisiana 71101

(318) 424-1400 FAX 424-1476

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

PLEASE SERVE:

EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION SERVICES, INC., through its agent for service of process: The Prentice-Hall Corporation Systems, Inc. 203 Carondelet Street, Ste. 811
New Orleans, Louisiana 70130;

CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC.,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC.,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

SPECIALTY RETAILERS,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant:
10201 Main Street

Houston, Texas 77025;

MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY OF LOUISIANA,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

LANE BRYANT,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to
plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant:
3340 Peachtree Rd. NE #2620
Atlanta, Georgia 30326;

NATIONSBANK, N.A. A/K/A NCNB CORP.,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant: NCNB Corp.

One NCNB Plaza

Charlotte, North Carolina 28255;

HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY,

through its agent for service of process: Prentice-Hall Corporation Systems 701 South Peters St., 2d Floor New Orleans, Louisiana 70130;

BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC.,

via President/CEO/Supervising Manager 8843 Veterans Memorial Blvd. Metairie, Louisiana 70003;

JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to
plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant:
5585 Rio Vista Dr.,
Clearwater, Florida 33760, and/or
2035 West 4th Street
Tempe, Arizona 85281;

GORDON'S JEWELERS,

via President/CEO/Supervising Manager 2950 East Texas Street Bossier City, Louisiana;

THE CATO CORPORATION,

via President/CEO/Supervising Manager 1102 East Admiral Doyle, Ste. 20 New Iberia, Louisiana 70560;

CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST,

via President/CEO/Supervising Manager 225 Baronne Street New Orleans, Louisiana;

RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., via President/CEO/Supervising Manager 7060 Veterans Memorial Blvd.

Metairie, Louisiana 70003;

HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to
plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant:
17311 Dallas Parkway #300,
Dallas, Texas 75248;

LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH,

through its agent for service of process: CT Corporation Systems 8550 United Plaza Blvd. Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809;

LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A LACK'S STORES, INC., through its agent for service of process: Adams 4700 Gentilly New Orleans, Louisiana;

CREDIT BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY f/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to
plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant:
1286 Carmichael,
Montgomery, Alabama 39106;

CAPITAL ONE BANK,

please issue a Long-Arm citation and certified petition to plaintiff's counsel for service to defendant: 2980 Fairview Park Dr., #1300, Falls Church, Virginia 22042.

19150-8l

ANGELA N. BOYETT

Versus

EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION SERVICES, INC., CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC., EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., SPECIALTY RETAILERS, STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES, MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY OF LOUISIANA, LANE BRYANT, WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK, NATIONSBANK, N.A., A/K/A NCNB CORP., HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY, BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC., JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES, GORDON'S JEWELERS, THE CATO CORPORATION, CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST, RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY, LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH, LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A LACK'S STORES, INC. CREDIT BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY A/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT, and CAPITAL ONE BANK

NUMBER:

26TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
WEBSTER PARISH, LOUISIANA

U.S. DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA FILED

MAR 0 1 1999

ROBERT H. SHEWWELL, CLERK BY DEPUTY

CV99-0361 S

JUDGE STAGG

MAGISTRATE JUDGE PAYNE

JURY DEMANDED

ORDER

CONSIDERING PLAINTIFF'S REQUEST FOR A DISCOVERY ORDER:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT Defendants, EQUIFAX CREDIT INFORMATION SERVICES, INC., CSC CREDIT SERVICES, INC., EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC., SPECIALTY RETAILERS, STAGE STORES, INC. D/B/A STAGE DEPARTMENT STORES, MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY A/K/A MERCURY FINANCE COMPANY, LANE BRYANT, WORLD FINANCIAL NETWORK NATIONAL BANK, NATIONSBANK, N.A. A/K/A NCNB CORP., HEILIG-MEYERS COMPANY, BELLSOUTH MOBILITY, INC., JEWELERS NATIONAL BANK A/K/A JEWELERS FINANCIAL SERVICE, A DIVISION OF ZALES, GORDON'S JEWELERS, THE CATO CORPORATION, CRESCENT BANK & TRUST A/K/A CITY BANK & TRUST, RITE AID PHARMACY F/K/A KATZ & BESTHOFF, INC. A/K/A K&B, INC., HONOR CREDITORS AGENCY, LOUISIANA BELLSOUTH, LACK'S NO. 40, INC. A/K/A LACK'S STORES, INC., CREDIT BUREAU OF MONTGOMERY F/K/A HOLLOWAY CREDIT BUREAU A/K/A CREDIT BUREAU COLLECTION DEPARTMENT, and CAPITAL ONE BANK, produce and file into the record of these proceedings, within thirty [30] days

from the receipt of this Order in these proceedings, and provide a copy to plaintiff's counsel of record by mail, a true and correct copy of the documents listed in Exhibit "A," attached to this Order.

Webster Parish, Louisiana, this the <u>S</u> day of

EXHIBIT "A"

Page 1 of 3

- 1. Please produce a copy of your documents involving communication(s) or contact(s) between you and your codefendants, which reference Plaintiff, or any of his personal identifiers, or any allegations or defenses asserted in this action.
- 2. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures in the investigation or reinvestigation of credit data.
- 3. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures in the investigation or reinvestigation of credit data which is disputed as inaccurate due to credit card fraud or other criminal activity.
- 4. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures in supplying MOP codes and other Metro Tape data.
- 5. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures in insuring the accuracy of data maintained or disseminated by you.
- 6. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which are consumer relations manuals for your employees and/or consumer credit database system.
- 7. Please produce any and all of your data file maintenance manuals and on-line data entry manuals.
- 8. Please produce copies of your annual reports to shareholders for each of the preceding four (4) years.
- 9. Please produce copies of your quarterly profit and loss statements for each of the preceding twenty-four (24) quarters.
- 10. Please produce your net worth statement.
- 11. Please produce any and all of your system work flow manual(s) describing the contents and portions of your overall computerized database system.
- 12. Please produce any and all documents discussing the Metro Tape Format.
- 13. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which addresses the minimal amount and type of information required of any consumer disputing any item of information on a consumer report, in order to cause you to initiate your correction, update, modification and/or deletion of credit data.
- 14. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which addresses instructions or directions, provided by your company to any subscriber, with regard to the means, methods and guidelines for communicating corrections of credit data to you.
- 15. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which addresses instructions or directions, provided by your company to anyone with regard to point of sale procedures for extending credit, accepting your credit cards and handling your credit transactions.

Page 2 of 3

- 16. Please produce any and all copies of any and all credit reports generated and/or issued by you concerning Plaintiff or which bear any of the personal identifiers of Plaintiff. This request includes all frozen data reports, archived reports, current, on-line reports and the current state of the credit data of Plaintiff and/or which bear any of the personal identifiers of Plaintiff and/or which bear any personal identifiers which are the same or similar to those of Plaintiff and/or bearing any personal identifiers which would cause you to attach his/her/their data to Plaintiff's consumer report. In connection therewith, please identify the recipient(s) of each document.
- 17. Please provide a complete audit trail of any document(s), computer(s), or other data held by you which, in any degree, address or discuss Plaintiff, any of his personal identifiers and/or any of the data identified, as false, by Plaintiff in this action. This request includes, but is not limited to any document(s), computer(s), or other data held by you which, in any degree, bears any personal identifiers which would cause you to attach such data to Plaintiff's consumer report.
- 18. Please provide copies of your subscriber contracts, billing statements, invoices and other documents transferred between you and your co-defendants.
- 19. Please produce any and all policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address the particular architecture of your frozen data report system, credit data archival system or other system which electronically captures the state of a consumer's record(s) at a given point in time.
- 20. Please produce copies of any and all consumer dispute verification(s) documents [CDV's/ACDV's] or Universal Data Forms [UDF's] you sent to any person or which you received from any person, which in any way references plaintiff, any of his personal identifiers, any other co-defendant, or any allegation or defense asserted in this action.
- 21. Please produce copies of any and all documents bearing Beacon, Empirica, or FICO or other credit scoring assessments in connection with any report or data bearing Plaintiff's name or any of his personal identifiers.
- 22. Please produce copies of any and all telephone reinvestigation forms and/or message books which in any way references Plaintiff or any allegation or defense asserted in this action.
- 23. Please produce copies of any and all documents which contain any data about internal, self audits or external audits of the accuracy of credit data you maintain and disseminate, in the years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.
- 24. Please produce all documents involving or constituting communications between you and Plaintiff[s] [or their attorneys].
- 25. Please produce your policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures in reporting data to any consumer reporting agency, during each of the years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.
- 26. Please produce your policy manuals, procedure manuals, or other documents, which address your policies, practices or procedures for altering previously reported data to any consumer reporting agency, during each of the years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.

Page 3 of 3

- 27. Please produce all application(s) which bear any identifier(s) associated with Plaintiff[s] and/or related to any and all account[s].
- 28. Please produce all of your documents evidencing, constituting or including data concerning your first notification of any allegation that any account bearing any of Plaintiffs' personal identifiers had been used by a person not authorized to use it.
- 29. Please provide a copy of your entire credit file(s), collection file(s) and fraud investigation file(s), which in any way references Plaintiff, any of Plaintiff's personal identifiers or any of the account numbers.
- 30. Please produce copies of all documents which discuss your total fraud losses connected to your credit card operations, in any or all of the following years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.
- 31. Please produce any and all sales receipts for any charge made on any of the account number related to the fraud balance described in this lawsuit.
- 32. Please produce your documents which contain information concerning any security assessment, audit, report or study of your credit card operations, including point of sale security and collections, and/or your credit data reporting system(s) in each of the following years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.
- 33. Please produce copies of any and all documents which contain information about your specific allocation, in percentages and/or dollar amounts of your resources to reinvestigation of disputed credit card account billings, in the years: 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998.

EXEMPLIFICATION CERTIFICATE

I, WINIFRED B. BRINKLEY, Clerk of Court, 26th Judicial District, Webster Parish,
Louisiana, do hereby certify that the foregoing documents consisting of 38 pages, to which this certi-
ficate is attached are full, true and correct copies of the originals on file and of record in my office. All
of which we have caused by these presents to be exemplified, and the seal of our District Court to be
hereunto affixed.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereto set my hand
and affixed the Seal of the said Court,
this 26TH day of FEBRUARY 19 99
Winifred D. Drinkle
Clerk of the 26th Judicial District Court
I, BRUCE M. BOLIN , Judge of the 26th Judicial District Court of the State of
Louisiana, in and for the Parish of Webster, do hereby certify that <u>WINIFRED B. BRINKLEY</u> ,
whose name is subscribed to the preceding exemplification, is the clerk of the said District Court of the
State of Louisiana, in and for the Parish of Webster, and that full faith and credit are due to his official
acts. I further certify, that the seal affixed to the exemplification is the seal of our said District Court,
and that the attestation thereof is in due form and according to the form of attestation used in this State.
Dated FEBRUARY 26, 1999
Judge of the 26th Judicial District Court